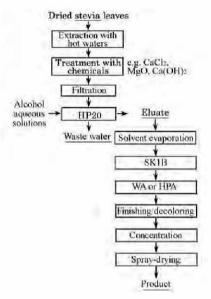
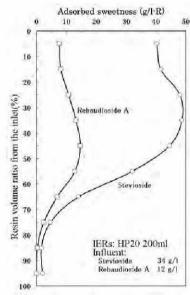
10. Refining of Stevioside

Steviosides are diterpene glycosides that are contained at 10 \sim 12% concentration in the leaves of compositae such as Stevia rebaudiana Bertoni. Stevioside, rebaudioside A, B, C, D, E and dulcoside A are typical compounds. These compounds with little calories have 60 \sim 300 times as sweet as sugar, and thus large amount of them are manufactured in Japan that has little sweetness resources.

The manufacturing process in Fig.VIII-10-1 is as follows: a) extraction with hot water from dried stevia leaves, b) coagulation with reagents, c) filtration, d) concentration to 7 ~8 times as high, e) adsorption by synthetic resins, e.g. HP20, f) elution with alcohol solution, g) evaporation of alcohols, h) demineralization and decolorization by two-bed and two-tower system of SACERs, e.g. SK1B, and AERs, e.g. WA30 and HPA25, i) finishing refining (A/C or UF membranes), j) spray-drying. In some cases to heighten sweetness 100 times as high sugar, dextrin is added before spray-drying. Adsorbed amount of sweet ingredient is about 46 g/l-R, demonstrated in Fig.VIII-10-2, lest such sweet ingredient leaks.



[Fig.VIII-10-1] Manufacturing of stevia sweetner



[Fig.VIII-10-2] Adsorption distribution of sweetness in HP20 (106)